# **BIOLOGY**

Student year: **Upper 3 (Yr 7)** Head of Department: **Mrs S Thorne** 

#### SUBJECT OVERVIEW

This is the first year of a 2 year key stage 3 course. Students learn the knowledge and skills that give a sound foundation for studying Biology to GCSE. The course is divided into six topic-based units.

## Subject / Topic

# **Working Scientifically**

#### Cells and organisms

- · Using microscopes
- Animal and plant cell structure
- Understanding how cells are organized into multicellular organisms

## Animal and plant reproduction

- Structure of reproductive systems
- Puberty and the menstrual cycle
- Pregnancy and birth
- Comparing wind and insect pollinated flowers
- Fruit and seed formation and dispersal

## **Environment and adaptation**

- Organisms and their habitat
- Food chains and webs, cooperation and competition
- Human effects on the environment

#### Variation and classification

- The variety of life
- Genetic and environmental variation

#### **Photosynthesis**

- The importance of plants
- Leaf structure and photosynthesis

#### Food and digestion

- Healthy eating
- Food tests
- The digestive system

Students will learn the following skills in the contexts of the topics studied in Upper 3:

- Planning and carrying out scientific enquiries to test predictions.
- Making measurements and applying mathematical concepts in data analysis. Using tables and graphs.
- Interpreting observations to draw conclusions. Suggesting possible improvements to investigations.

# **CHEMISTRY**

Student year: Upper 3 (Yr 7) Head of Department: Mr I Macdonald

## SUBJECT OVERVIEW

This is the first year of a 2 year key stage 3 course. Students learn the knowledge and skills that give a sound foundation for studying Chemistry to GCSE. The course is divided into six topic-based units.

# Subject / Topic

# Working Scientifically

#### The Particulate Nature of Matter

- The properties of the different states of matter
- Changes of state in terms of the particle model.

#### Atoms and Elements

- Theories and models
- A brief introduction to the periodic table

#### Acids and Alkalis

- Defining acids and alkalis in terms of neutralisation reactions
- The pH scale for measuring acidity/alkalinity; and indicators

#### Pure and impure substances

- Pure substances and mixtures
- Separation techniques

#### Simple Chemical reactions

- Identifying chemical reactions and gas tests
- Introduction to writing equations

#### Compounds

- Mixtures and compounds
- Formulae and conservation of mass

Students will learn the following skills in the contexts of the topics studied in Upper 3:

- Understanding how scientific methods and theories develop over time.
- Planning and carrying out scientific enquiries to test predictions.
- Making measurements and applying mathematical concepts in data analysis. Using tables and graphs.
- Interpreting observations to draw conclusions. Suggesting possible improvements to investigations.

# **PHYSICS**

Student year: **Upper 3 (Yr 7)** Head of Department: **Mr C Ridler** 

## SUBJECT OVERVIEW

This is the first year of a 2 year key stage 3 course. Students learn the knowledge and skills that give a sound foundation for studying Physics to GCSE. The course is divided into topic-based units and students develop and apply 'working scientifically' skills throughout the year.

# Subject / Topic

#### Energy

- Energy stores and energy transfers
- Fossil fuels and renewable sources of energy

#### Forces

- Force interactions
- · Balanced and unbalanced forces

#### Motion

- Measuring speed
- Falling objects
- Streamlining

#### Electricity

- Circuit diagrams
- Resistance of conductors and insulators
- Measuring current in parallel and series circuits
- Switches in parallel and series circuits

# Working Scientifically

Students will learn the following skills in the contexts of the topics studied in Upper 3:

- Understanding how scientific methods and theories develop over time.
- Planning and carrying out scientific enquiries to test predictions.
- Making measurements and applying mathematical concepts in data analysis. Using tables and graphs.
- Interpreting observations to draw conclusions. Suggesting possible improvements to investigations.